



Table 2A Geographic Distribution of Offenders Eligible Under Part A By District

District	Ν	%	District	Ν	%
TOTAL	11,495	100.0			
Western Texas	822	7.2	North Dakota	91	0.8
Southern Texas	647	5.6	Middle Pennsylvania	90	0.8
Northern Texas	525	4.6	Western New York	89	0.8
Eastern Tennessee	345	3.0	South Dakota	89	0.8
Eastern North Carolina	336	2.9	Southern Alabama	88	0.8
Eastern Virginia	305	2.7	Southern California	87	0.8
Northern Ohio	265	2.3	Northern Indiana	87	0.8
Western Missouri	264	2.3	Eastern Louisiana	76	0.7
Eastern Missouri	263	2.3	New Jersey	75	0.7
Eastern Texas	228	2.0	Western Oklahoma	72	0.6
Maryland	207	1.8	Idaho	71	0.6
Western North Carolina	203	1.8	Utah	71	0.6
Middle Florida	196	1.7	Northern West Virginia	71	0.6
Southern Georgia	194	1.7	Western Kentucky	68	0.6
Puerto Rico	194	1.7	Eastern Wisconsin	68	0.6
Southern Florida	192	1.7	Northern California	63	0.6
Arizona	188	1.6	Nebraska	63	0.6
South Carolina	185	1.6	Eastern New York	59	0.5
Eastern Kentucky	178	1.6	Western Arkansas	58	0.5
Southern Iowa	157	1.4	Southern West Virginia	57	0.5
Eastern Michigan	157	1.4	Eastern Oklahoma	55	0.5
Western Tennessee	156	1.4	Connecticut	54	0.5
Middle North Carolina	153	1.3	Middle Tennessee	54	0.5
Northern Alabama	147	1.3	Northern Oklahoma	52	0.5
Southern Indiana	146	1.3	Middle Alabama	49	0.4
New Mexico	143	1.2	Northern New York	47	0.4
Eastern Pennsylvania	142	1.2	Oregon	46	0.4
Northern Iowa	140	1.2	Eastern Washington	45	0.4
Southern New York	140	1.2	District of Columbia	44	0.4
Central California	138	1.2	Northern Mississippi	44	0.4
Northern Georgia	130	1.2	Hawaii	42	0.4
Eastern Arkansas	131	1.1	Nevada	38	0.3
Eastern California	114	1.0	Alaska	37	0.3
Kansas	112	1.0	Massachusetts	34	0.3
Western Virginia	109	1.0	Northern Florida	32	0.3
Southern Ohio	108	0.9	Wyoming	32	
Northern Illinois	105	0.9	Western Washington		0.3
Central Illinois	103	0.9	New Hampshire	28	0.2
Western Michigan	104	0.9	Middle Louisiana	22	0.2
Middle Georgia	100	0.9	Western Wisconsin	21	0.2
Southern Illinois	99	0.9	Maine	18	0.2
Montana	99	0.9	Delaware	10	0.1
Southern Mississippi	98	0.9	Vermont	7	0.1
Western Louisiana	97	0.8	Guam	5	0.0
Western Pennsylvania	97	0.8	Rhode Island	5	0.0
Colorado	91	0.8	Virgin Islands	2	0.0
Minnesota	91	0.8	Northern Mariana Islands	0	0.0

SOURCE: U.S. Sentencing Commission, FY 1991 through FY 2022 Datafiles, USSCFY91-USSCFY22, and Preliminary Data from FY 2023, USSCFY23.

5. Type of crime of offenders eligible for retroactive application of the amendment

Table 5 provides the type of crime for the instant offense of offenders eligible for a reduction in sentence pursuant to Part A of the 2023 criminal history amendment. Drug trafficking was the most common instant offense (40.5%) among offenders eligible to seek a modification of sentence under 18 U.S.C. § 3582(c)(2).

Table 5A
<u>Instant Type of Crime for</u>
Offenders Eligible Under Part A

Crime Type	Ν	%
TOTAL	11,495	100.0
Drug Trafficking	4,658	40.5
Firearms	2,371	20.6
Robbery	1,391	12.1
Immigration	1,049	9.1
Fraud/Theft/Embezzlement	419	3.7
Child Pornography	325	2.8
Assault	257	2.2
Sexual Abuse	250	2.2
Money Laundering	171	1.5
Murder	156	1.4
Prison Offenses	144	1.3
Obscenity/Other Sex Offenses	55	0.5
Kidnapping	43	0.4
Stalking/Harassing	39	0.3
Administration of Justice	35	0.3
Manslaughter	35	0.3
All Other Crime Types	97	0.8

SOURCE: U.S. Sentencing Commission, FY 1991 through FY 2022 Datafiles, USSCFY91-USSCFY22, and Preliminary Data from FY 2023, USSCFY23.

6. Extent of possible sentence reduction

As discussed above, the average extent of reduction for offenders who are eligible for a reduced sentence under Part A of the 2023 criminal history amendment is 11.7 percent. Figure 1 shows the distribution of the extent of the possible reductions by the sentence length for these offenders. A majority (60.7%) of offenders would receive a sentence reduction of one year or less. Conversely, 2.3 percent would receive a sentence reduction of more than 36 months.

5. Type of crime of zero-point offenders eligible for retroactive application

<u>Instant Type of Crin</u>	ne
for Offenders Eligible Unde	er Part B
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Table 5B

Crime Type	Ν	%
TOTAL	7,272	100.0
Drug Trafficking	5,404	74.3
Fraud/Theft/Embezzlement	932	12.8
Money Laundering	421	5.8
Immigration	154	2.1
Bribery/Corruption	92	1.3
Tax	87	1.2
Administration of Justice	41	0.6
Obscenity/Other Sex Offenses	31	0.4
Stalking/Harassing	26	0.4
Manslaughter	18	0.2
All Other Crime Types	66	0.9

SOURCE: U.S. Sentencing Commission, FY 1991 through FY 2022 Datafiles, USSCFY91-USSCFY22, and Preliminary Data from FY 2023, USSCFY23.

6. Extent of possible sentence reduction

As discussed above, the average extent of reduction for offenders who are eligible for a reduced sentence under Part B, Subpart 1 of the 2023 criminal history amendment is 17.6 percent. Figure 1 shows the distribution of the extent of the possible reductions by the sentence length for these offenders. More than half (51.9%) would receive a sentence reduction of one year or less. Conversely, 4.0 percent would receive a sentence reduction of more than 36 months.

Table 2BGeographic Distribution of Offenders Eligible Under Part BBy District

District	Ν	%	District	Ν	%
TOTAL	7,272	100.0			
Middle Florida	1,122	15.4	Montana	31	0.4
Southern Texas	717	9.9	Northern California	30	0.4
Western Texas	695	9.6	Middle Georgia	30	0.4
Southern Florida	636	8.8	Eastern Louisiana	29	0.4
Northern Texas	426	5.9	Western New York	29	0.4
Eastern Texas	303	4.2	District of Columbia	28	0.4
Puerto Rico	195	2.7	Northern Oklahoma	28	0.4
Southern California	137	1.9	Nevada	27	0.4
Southern New York	115	1.6	New Mexico	27	0.4
Eastern Virginia	109	1.5	South Dakota	27	0.4
Northern Georgia	104	1.4	Eastern New York	26	0.4
New Jersey	92	1.3	Middle Pennsylvania	26	0.4
Central California	87	1.2	Western Virginia	26	0.4
Eastern Pennsylvania	75	1.0	Idaho	25	0.3
Eastern California	73	1.0	Southern Illinois	25	0.3
Eastern Tennessee	72	1.0	Northern Florida	24	0.3
Northern Ohio	65	0.9	Northern Iowa	24	0.3
Northern Alabama	63	0.9	Western Oklahoma	24	0.3
Nebraska	61	0.8	Virgin Islands	24	0.3
Eastern Michigan	60	0.8	Northern Indiana	23	0.3
Massachusetts	59	0.8	Eastern Washington	23	0.3
Eastern Kentucky	58	0.8	Connecticut	21	0.3
Colorado	55	0.8	New Hampshire	21	0.3
Eastern North Carolina	54	0.7	Northern West Virginia	21	0.3
Northern Illinois	53	0.7	Western Tennessee	19	0.3
Eastern Missouri	52	0.7	Central Illinois	18	0.3
Western Missouri	52	0.7	Oregon	18	0.3
Southern Indiana	51	0.7	Western Kentucky	17	0.2
Utah	51	0.7	Southern West Virginia	16	0.2
Southern Ohio	50	0.7	Western Washington	16	0.2
Kansas	48	0.7	Eastern Oklahoma	15	0.2
Maryland	47	0.7	Western Arkansas	13	0.2
Arizona	45	0.6	Guam	13	0.2
Western North Carolina	43	0.6	Middle Alabama	11	0.2
Northern New York	43	0.6	Middle Louisiana	11	0.2
Minnesota	42	0.6	Western Wisconsin	11	0.2
South Carolina	42	0.6	North Dakota	10	0.1
Southern Alabama	41	0.6	Wyoming	8	0.1
Southern Georgia	41	0.6	Alaska	7	0.1
Eastern Arkansas	40	0.6	Maine	7	0.1
Southern Mississippi	39	0.5	Northern Mississippi	7	0.1
Hawaii	35	0.5	Rhode Island	6	0.1
Western Pennsylvania	34	0.5	Delaware	5	0.1
Western Michigan	33	0.5	Vermont	5	0.1
Middle North Carolina	33	0.5	Eastern Wisconsin	4	0.1
Southern Iowa	31	0.3	Northern Mariana Islands	3	0.0
Western Louisiana	31	0.4	Middle Tennessee	3	0.0

SOURCE: U.S. Sentencing Commission, FY 1991 through FY 2022 Datafiles, USSCFY91-USSCFY22, and Preliminary Data from FY 2023, USSCFY23.

5. Type of crime of zero-point offenders eligible for retroactive application of the amendment

Table 5 provides the type of crime for the instant offense of offenders eligible for a reduction in sentence pursuant to Part B, Subpart 1 of the 2023 criminal history amendment. Drug trafficking was the most common instant offense (74.3%) for eligible zero-point offenders.

Table 5B
Instant Type of Crime
for Offenders Eligible Under Part B

Crime Type	Ν	%
TOTAL	7,272	100.0
Drug Trafficking	5,404	74.3
Fraud/Theft/Embezzlement	932	12.8
Money Laundering	421	5.8
Immigration	154	2.1
Bribery/Corruption	92	1.3
Tax	87	1.2
Administration of Justice	41	0.6
Obscenity/Other Sex Offenses	31	0.4
Stalking/Harassing	26	0.4
Manslaughter	18	0.2
All Other Crime Types	66	0.9

SOURCE: U.S. Sentencing Commission, FY 1991 through FY 2022 Datafiles, USSCFY91-USSCFY22, and Preliminary Data from FY 2023, USSCFY23.

6. Extent of possible sentence reduction

As discussed above, the average extent of reduction for offenders who are eligible for a reduced sentence under Part B, Subpart 1 of the 2023 criminal history amendment is 17.6 percent. Figure 1 shows the distribution of the extent of the possible reductions by the sentence length for these offenders. More than half (51.9%) would receive a sentence reduction of one year or less. Conversely, 4.0 percent would receive a sentence reduction of more than 36 months.